COURSE DESCRIPTION (Group C)

Course code	Course group	Volume in ECTS credits	Course valid from	Course valid to	Reg. No.
SOC 5011	C	6	2011 06 01	2013 06 01	

Course type (compulsory or optional)	compulsory
Course level (study cycle)	master
Semester the course is delivered	3rd
Study form (face-to-face or distant)	independent work

Course title in Lithuanian

Tiriamasis projektas nr.2

Course title in English

Research project no.2

Short course annotation in Lithuanian

Tiriamajame projekte nr. 2 studentai toliau gilinasi į tiriamajame projekte nr. 1 pasirinktą socialinį reiškinį ar problemą, tačiau tiriamojo projekto nr. 2 tikslas – atlikti teorinę šio reiškinio ar problemos analizę. Projekte turi būti aiškiai suformuluota darbo problema, tikslas ir uždaviniai; analizė turi baigtis tinkamomis išvadomis bei tolimesnio empirinio tyrimo projekto, kuris bus atliekamas rengiant magistro darbą, apmatais. Studentai dirbs savarankiškai, konsultuodamiesi su kursinio projekto vadovu.

Short course annotation in English

Research project no. 2 is closely related to Research project no. 1. The main goal of Research project no. 2 is to analyze the chosen problem by using relevant sociological theories. Research project should have a clearly defined research problem, aim and objectives; analysis should lead to appropriate conclusions and guidelines for further research that will be carried out while working on the master's thesis. It is expected that students will work independently however intensively consulting their supervisor.

Prerequisites for entering the course

Research project no.1

Course aim

The goal of Research project no. 2 – to analyze the chosen problem by using relevant sociological theories.

Links between study programme outcomes, course outcomes and criteria of learning achievement evaluation

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Study programme outcomes	Course outcomes	Criteria of learning achievement evaluation		
1. To apply sociological	After completion of the research project	Students know how to		
theoretical models for the	students will be able to systematise	systematise theoretical literature		
analysis of peculiarities of	theoretical literature relevant to the	relevant to the research topic,		
the functioning and	research topic, problem and object	problem and object		
development of society	After completion of the research project	Students are able to choose		
2. To identify social	students will be able to choose theoretical	theoretical paradigms and		
problems within various	paradigms and theories relevant to	theories relevant to analysis of		
social institutions –	analysis of the research object	the chosen research object		
economics, politics, family,	After completion of the research project	Students are able to apply		
law, education, religion,	students will be able to apply sociological	sociological theoretical models		
medicine (i.e. macro level)	theoretical models in analysing and	in analysing and interpreting		
and at the level of individual	interpreting chosen social phenomena	chosen social phenomena		
relations (i.e. micro level)	After completion of the research project	Students are able to formulate theoretical generalisations and conclusions		
3. To analyse social	students will be able to formulate			
problems from the				
perspective of local and	theoretical generalisations and			
global processes	conclusions			
4. To prepare research	Students will be able to prepare a draft of	Students are able to prepare a		
projects on social problems	a research project	draft of a research project		

Link between course outcomes and content

Link between course outcomes and content			
Course outcomes	Content (topics)		
After completion of the	Research project no. 2 is closely related to Research project no. 1. The main		
research project students will	goal of Research project no. 2 is to conduct theoretical analysis of a research		
be able to systematise	object and problem formulated in Research project no. 1. Students are		
theoretical literature relevant	expected to review and systematise theoretical literature relevant to the		

to the research topic,
problem and object
After completion of the
research project students will
be able to choose theoretical
paradigms and theories
relevant to analysis of the
research object
After completion of the
research project students will
be able to apply sociological
theoretical models in
analysing and interpreting
chosen social phenomena
After completion of the
research project students will
be able to formulate
theoretical generalisations
and conclusions
Students will be able to
prepare a draft of a research
project
-

research topic. Research project consists of following parts: introduction, literature review and analysis of the chosen topic, discussion of the findings, conclusions, references, annexes (if necessary). The introduction should contain a clearly defined scientific problem, object, aim and goals of the Research project no. 2. The major chapters of the project should include a critical review and analysis of sociological theories that apply to the chosen social phenomenon. In the final part of the project students formulate theoretical conclusions and delineate a draft for further empirical research that will be conducted in their Master thesis.

In the references a list of used literature is presented (not less than 15 sources). References must list all works cited in the text, including citations in footnotes. References are listed alphabetically by author and, under author, by year of publication.

Other requirements:

- Lenght of a term paper (without title page, references and annexes)—20 25 pages.
- Format: Times New Roman, line spacing 1.5 lines, font size 12. Citations of works are given in the text in chronological order by enclosing the author's last name and the year of publication in parentheses—for example, (Brown 1995). Specific page or section citations follow the date, preceded by a comma: (Brown 2005, 45). Other examples of citations are as follows: for dual authorship, (Adams and Savran 2002); for more than three authors, (Bourdieu et al. 1999); for two works by the same author in a single year, (Connell 1995a, 1995b); for two or more works by different authors, (Bourdieu 1999; Brown 1995; Connell 1995).

Study (teaching and learning) methods

Consultations with the supervisor, individual work

Methods of learning achievement assessment

Written research project report

Distribution of workload for students (contact and independent work hours)

Individual work — 156 hrs. Consultations – 4hrs.

Structure of cumulative score and value of its constituent parts

Demonstrated learning achievements (70%), report's structure and content (30%)

Recommended reference materials

No.	Publication	Authors of publication and title	Publishing house	Number of copies in		
				University	Self-study	Other
	year			library	rooms	libraries
	Basic materials					
		Seely J. The Oxford guide	Oxford			
1.	2005	to effective writing and	University	University 2	2	
		speaking	Press			
		Day R.A., Gastel B. How	Cambridge			
2.	2006	to write and publish a	University		1	
		scientific paper	Press			
3.	1998	Hart C.Doing a literature review: releasing the social science research imagination	Sage		1	
		Supp	olementary materia	ls		
4.	2007	Becker H.S. Writing for Social Scientists: How to Start and Finish Your Thesis, Book, or Article	University of Chicago Press		1	
5.	2007	Becker H.S. Telling About Society	University of Chicago Press		1	
6.	2003	Fairbairn G.J., Winch Ch. Reading, Writing and reasoning. A Guide for Students.	Open university Press		1	

Course programme designed by

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